Application Documentation: Version 1 /01 September, 2016

**NSDA Reference** *To be added by NSDA* 

### CONTACT DETAILS OF SUBMITTING BODY

Name and address of submitting body:

#### C-DAC, ACTS

ACTS, Innovation Park, S. No. 34/B/1,

Panchvati, Pashan, Pune 411 008

Name and contact details of individual dealing with the submission

Name: Shri. Aditya Kumar Sinha

Position in the organisation: Joint Director

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### List of documents submitted in support of the Qualifications File

- 1. Qualification File
- 2. Course Content

# SUMMARY

Qualification Title and Code:	Certificate Course in Cyber Forensics & Cyber Laws (CCCFCL)		
Body/bodies which will award the qualification:	Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC) organization of the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY), Ministry of Communications & Information Technology		
Body which will accredit providers to offer the qualification:	C-DAC		
Body/bodies which will be responsible for assessment:	C-DAC		
Occupation(s) to which the qualification gives access:	The Certificate Course in Cyber Forensics & Cyber Laws (CCCFCL) course aimed to provide skills on Cyber Forensics and Cyber Laws and will help the students to make carrier in		
Proposed level of the qualification in the NSQF:	Level 7		
Anticipated volume of training/learning required to complete the qualification:	320 hrs of classroom/lab learning (4 Months, 4 hrs 5 days in a week)		
Entry requirements / recommendations:	Any Engineering /Science graduate with mathematics up to 10+2 level		
Progression from the qualification:	Certificate Course in Cyber Forensics & Cyber Laws (CCCFCL) aims to groom the students to enable them to work on current technology scenarios as well as prepare them to keep pace with the changing face of technology and the requirements of the growing IT industry. After the completion of the course, students can work as Cyber Forensics Investigator.		
	Candidate can start from level 7 and lead to further levels.		
Planned arrangements for RPL:	NA		
International comparability where known:	There are many courses available on Cyber Forensics but CDAC is providing complete domain knowledge including management development program.		
	<ul> <li>https://www.infosecinstitute.com/careers/computer</li> <li>-forensics-investigator</li> </ul>		
	• <u>http://www.ifs.edu.in/cyber-forensics-cyber-crimes-</u>		

	cyber-security	-cyber-law/	
•	http://iisecurit forensic-analy		ified-professional-
Formal structure of the qualification:	-		-
<b>Title of NOS/unit or other component</b> (include any identification code used)	Mandatory/ Optional Enter M or O for each unit/ component	Estimated size (learning hours) The total should be the same as the entry under "anticipated volume" above	Level In the NSQF, individual units or components of qualifications can have outcomes which put them at levels which are higher or lower than the whole qualification.
Fundamentals of Computer and Cyber Forensics	М	50	7
Cyber Forensics (Evidence Recovery & Investigation)	М	130	7
Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws	М	40	7
Management Development Program	М	60	7
Project	М	40	7

Please attach any document giving further detail about the structure of the qualification – eg a Curriculum or Qualification Pack.

Give details of the document here:

## **SECTION 1**

### ASSESSMENT

#### Body/Bodies which will carry out assessment:

C-DAC's Exam, Evaluation and Certification department will carry out assessment as per evaluation guideline finalized by Academic Council/ Academic Management Committee.

#### Will the assessment body be responsible for RPL assessment?

- Same will be finalised when the national RPL Policy will be finalised.
- Assessment is online through our e-Pariksha system or manually (OMR Based), depending on the strength of students.
- Issuance of qualification is centralized through C-DAC.

Describe the overall assessment strategy and specific arrangements which have been put in place to ensure that assessment is always valid, consistent and fair and show that these are in line with the requirements of the NSQF:

Assessment is a necessary and essential part of conducting the Certificate Course in Cyber Forensics and Cyber Laws, as it provides important feedback and inputs to both the institute as well as the student. The institute gets an idea about the relative performance of each student, which also serves as feedback about the design and conduct of the course. The student gets a clear picture of his academic standing, individually and in comparison to his fellow students.

- A combined evaluation process is to be conducted for the course.
- The evaluation for each module must be completed as per guidelines given below. The midmodule /surprise test evaluation is mandatory and can be taken after discussion with the concerned faculty.
- Students are evaluated on a continuous and throughout the duration of the course to make a fair assessment of the skills acquired by them. To have a very uniform and fair assessment. The evaluation process is divided into two parts:
  - Continuous Assessment CA (150 marks)
  - Course End Examination CCE (150 marks)

<u>Continuous Assessment</u> :This is being done primarily by the respective faculty in the form of Lab tests, assignments, quizzes, submission of term reports, presentations etc. conducted (with the help of respective course co-coordinators) at regular intervals and as and when the portions of the subjects are completed. These are basically internal exams and local to the centre. This process is further categorized into two parts.

- Lab test
- Internal test : Assignment/Case Studies /quiz and other valuation methods like case study, viva, group discussion depending on the subject and the faculty

It is recommended to conduct Management Development Program and Organisational Behaviour sessions and also conduct surprise test for the development of soft skills, logical, analytical capabilities and managerial skills for the benefit of the students and also give assignments and conduct some surprise test related to Management Development Program and Organisational Behaviour.

The figures shown below indicate the weightage of each module in the final performance statement.

The examination(s) for each module must be conducted for at least that number of marks. However, the centre may conduct evaluation for a higher number of marks, in which case the marks will be scaled down. For example, if the examination for the Operating Systems Concepts module is conducted for 100 marks, the marks earned by the student will be scaled down to out of 40.

A student must score a minimum of 40 percent marks in each component of the evaluation, and also in the aggregate score, in order to successfully clear the module. If a student scores more than 40% on aggregate but has scored less than 40% in one component of the evaluation, he will not be declared as passed.

### The weight age for each component will normally be:

Theory examination – (CCEE) 150 marks

Laboratory examination, Internal marks 150 marks

(Internal marks: Lab Assignment Evaluation, Surprise Tests, attendance, Viva, Seminars)

The question papers for the theory as well as the laboratory examinations at all the centres will be set by C-DAC, ACTS, Pune. The centres according to guidelines provided by, ACTS, Pune, will conduct the evaluation of the laboratory and assignments locally.

### Minimum Pass marks:

The minimum marks to be obtained for declaring a student pass in any module is as follows:

For 40 mark QP	:	16 marks
For 20 mark QP	:	8 marks
For 60 mark QP	:	24 marks

### Assessment is through e-Pariksha system.

### About e-Priksha System:

ePariksha is a web based application for the automation of the examination process. The system provides a great control on exams from preparing question paper to scheduling exam and from monitoring exam to generate results.

ePariksha has a strong administration which provides complete system status in one glance.

It's Results & Reports generations functionality provides system details in all standard and required formats.

An image based, LAN based, secure, fault tolerant and scalable system through which examinations can be delivered "on demand" basis in selected examination centres spread across the country.

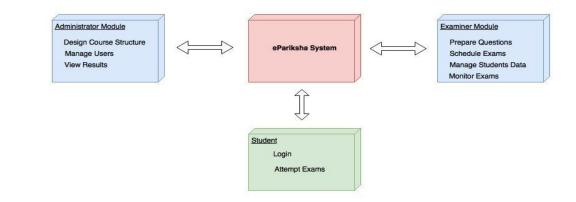
System Support:

- Decentralized mode of operation(LAN based)
- Question Paper approach
- Multi lingual and multi subject support
- Browser based

Components of the e-Parikhsa System Includes:

- Administration Module- To design course structure, Manage users, view results.
- ePariksha System Assessment of students through online system.

- **Examiner Module** -To manage the examination related activity and conduct- i.e Registration data and question paper uploading, conduct of examination, response generation
- Student Login –Allows students to login and attempt exams.



### Salient Features:

- Exam Resume Power Failure Handling
- Random Question Paper
- User friendly Interface
- Question Bank
- Instant Result
- Live Monitoring of Exams & Assignment
- Time bound exams
- Multilingual support
- Handheld devices Support
- Responsive Design

**Feedback System:** C-DAC's Advanced Computing Training School (ACTS) offers various courses and training programs through its own training centres and its network of Affiliated Training Centres (ATC) spread across the country. Each year, thousands of students and professionals are trained at these centres.

The purpose of the system i.e. Online Feedback System (OFS) is to develop a web application for getting the online faculty feedback by the students studying at centres and also at the various Authorized Training Centres (ATC) affiliated to for different training programs offered by C-DAC ACTS.

This system is for conducting "The Student Survey" for quality assurance of education. Students, Faculties and administrators can all benefit from survey. This is helpful in the continual improvements in teaching programs, processes as well as infrastructure and thereby enhancing the students' learning experience at C-DAC ACTS.

The Online Feedback System make the student feedback procedure centralized for all C-DAC centres as well as various Authorized Training Centres (ATCs) located across the country through which headquarter manager can manage student feedback of faculties as well as infrastructure studying at different training centres with different reports for feedback analysis.

Please attach any documents giving further information about assessment and/or RPL. Give details of the document(s) here:

#### ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE

Each module should be evaluated as per the weightage there will be 150 questions to answer in 3 hours duration in Course End Exam as per the following distribution mentioned below given below.

Sr. No.	Module	Learning Outcome	Theory	Lab & IA	Total Marks
1	Fundamentals of Computer and Cyber Forensics	<ul> <li>identify computer hardware and peripheral devices</li> <li>Be familiar with software applications</li> <li>Understand file management</li> <li>Accomplish creating basic documents, worksheets, presentations and databases</li> <li>Distinguish the advantages and disadvantages of networks</li> <li>Identify computer risks and safety</li> </ul>	20	40	60
2	Cyber Forensics (Evidence Recovery & Investigation)	<ul> <li>Design a network security defense</li> <li>Develop a network security policy</li> <li>Set up and maintain a virtual private network</li> </ul>	50	60	110
3	Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws	<ul> <li>To understand the importance of service management, both to the IT service provider, and to it's customers.</li> <li>Learn about IT Service Management best practices, generic concepts, key principles.</li> <li>Manage physical security of data centre taking into account requirements of standards</li> </ul>	50	50	100
4	Management Development Program	<ul> <li>Students can demonstrate:</li> <li>Good conversation skills</li> <li>Writing effective emails /business letters</li> <li>Acquire good communication skills/Interview skills</li> </ul>	30	-	30
5	Project	Think critically, creatively and analytically in developing technological solutions to simple and complex problems.		Grade	
		Total	150	150	300

Complete a grid for each grouping of NOS, assessment unit or other component as listed in the entry on the structure of the qualification on page 1.

#### Title of NOS/Unit/Component:

Assessment criteria for the outcome
List all the criteria applying to this element/outcome.
A+ >= 85%,
A >= 70% to < 85%
B >= 60% to < 70 %
C >= 50% to < 60%
D >= 40% to < 50%
F < 40%

#### Means of assessment 1

Theory portion Assessment will be done through LAN based online system or paper mode. Paper will be Objective question based. Lab exam will be done separately as per evaluation Guidelines.

#### Means of assessment 2

#### **Re-examinations:**

The following conditions will be applicable for the course end re-exam:

- Students who do not appear for an exam on the scheduled date will not have an automatic right to re-examination. Only those students who, in the opinion of the centre/course coordinator have a genuine reason for being absent may be allowed to appear for a re-exam.
- Students who have failed an exam may be allowed to appear for a re-exam.
- The re-exam should be conducted following the same process as the regular examination.
- Students, who failed/remained absent in the Course End Examination conducted by , shall be allowed to appear in the re-examination only once.
- Students who remain absent or fail in the re-examination will not get any further chance for appearing for the re-examination. In such case the candidate can receive the Performance Statement and the certificate of participation without any grade.
- On evaluation of their answer sheets 20% of the marks obtained by the students will be deducted (towards de-rating for re-examination) for arriving at the final score, i.e. in order to clear the module test the student has to score a minimum of 48% marks instead of 40%.
- There will be no re-exam for the re-exam

#### Pass/Fail:

If Candidate scored below 40% in any of the component like Theory, lab or Internal will be consider as FAIL.

## SECTION 2

## SUMMARY EVIDENCE OF LEVEL

Level	Process Required	Professional Knowledge	Professional Skill	Core Skill	Responsibility
7	Requires a command of wide-ranging specialised theoretical and practical skills, involving variable routine and non-routine contexts.	Wide-ranging factual and theoretical knowledge in broad contexts within a field of work or study.	Wide range of cognitive and practical skills required to generate solutions to specific problems in a field of work of study.	Good logical and mathematical skill understanding of social political and natural environment and organising information, communication and presentation skill.	Full responsibility for output of group and development

Asses	Fundamental s of Computer and Cyber Forensics	Process Required Person may carry out a job as Network Administrator,	Professional Knowledge Learning Network Administration, Network	Professional Skill Candidate can setup secure network, implement intrusion detection and	Core Skill Candidate will be learning effective communicatio	Responsibility Candidate can perform well and responsible
2.	Cyber Forensics (Evidence Recovery & Investigation)	Information Security Assurance. This job demands a command of	Defense and Counter measures, IT Infrastructure management will help to	prevention and can implement policies based on practical knowledge.	ns. Language to communicate written and oral. Aptitude, basic	for output of group and development
3.	Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws	wide-ranging specialised theoretical and practical skills, involving variable routine and non-routine contexts.	learner to get employment as IT Security Engineer,		understanding of social political and natural	
4.	Management Development Program		Security System Administrator or Information Security		environment.	
5.	Project		Assurance Analyst.			

#### **SECTION 3**

#### **EVIDENCE OF NEED**

#### What evidence is there that the qualification is needed?

Set up the Advanced Computing Training School (ACTS) in 1993 to meet the ever-increasing skilled manpower requirements of the Information Communication Technologies (ICT) industry as well as supplement its intellectual resource base for cutting-edge research and development. Over the years has designed and delivered various postgraduate and undergraduate degree and diploma programmes. In addition, imparts ICT training to state and national governments and agencies, strategic sectors, corporate and industries, foreign countries and international students, based on specific requirements. What is the estimated uptake of this qualification and what is the basis of this estimate?

https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/computer-forensics-career-path-rishikesh-ojha

http://anandmahurkar.com/2016/01/09/cyber-forensics-and-crime-investigation/

What steps were taken to ensure that the qualification(s) does/do not duplicate already existing or planned qualifications in the NSQF?

#### NA

What arrangements are in place to monitor and review the qualification(s)? What data will be used and at what point will the qualification(s) be revised or updated?

Set up the Advanced Computing Training School (ACTS) in 1993 to meet the ever-increasing skilled manpower requirements of the Information Communication Technologies (ICT) industry as well as supplement its intellectual resource base for cutting-edge research and development. Over the years has designed and delivered various postgraduate and undergraduate degree and diploma programmes. In addition, imparts ICT training to state and national governments and agencies, strategic sectors, corporate and industries, foreign countries and international students, based on specific requirements.

The Education and Training activities of are governed and steered by Academic Council (AC) and Academic Management Committee (AMC). As per the Academic Council minutes and direction, a syllabus updation subcommittee is formed by combining members from different centres. The sub-committee gave their inputs for syllabus updation. The resource centre has conducted meetings for updating required modifications in the current syllabus of PG-Diploma. After that, minutes of the meeting with draft syllabus contents were circulated across all the participating centres for any suggestion and comments. If any suggestions come through discussion of all concerned members, we incorporate the same and circulate again for finalization. After that we make the source book and informed to all centres for their review.

### **SECTION 4**

#### **EVIDENCE OF RECOGNITION AND PROGRESSION**

What steps have been taken in the design of this or other qualifications to ensure that there is a clear path to other qualifications in this sector?

- This qualification has been designed in consultation with industry and domain expert keeping in mind today's need. Evaluation criteria have been added to ensure progression to related path ways identified

#### as per career path.

Please attach any documents giving further information about any of the topics above. Give details of the document(s) here:

#### 1. Course Content

#### Cyber Forensics & Cyber laws

SI. No.	Modules			
1	Fundamentals of Computer and Cyber Forensics	50		
2	Cyber Forensics (Evidence Recovery & Investigation)			
3	Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws	40		
4	Management Development Program	60		
5	Project	40		
	Total	320		

Eligibility: Any Engineering /Science graduate with mathematics up to 10+2 level

**Course Prerequisite:** Candidate should have basic knowledge of computer and networking fundamentals with logical approach and knowledge of Cyber Crimes.

**Course Focus**: The objective of this course is to provide skills to those students who want to make carrier in Cyber Forensic.

#### **Detailed Syllabus**

### Fundamentals of Networks and Cyber Security

- Basic Computer Terminology
- Internet
- Networking
- Computer Storage
- Cell Phone / Mobile Forensics
- Computer Ethics and Application Programs
- Cyber Forensic Basics- Introduction to Cyber Forensics
- Storage Fundamentals
- File System Concepts
- Data Recovery
- Operating System Software and Basic Terminology
- Introduction to Cyber Security
- Implementing Hardware Based Security
- Software Based Firewalls
- Security Standards
- Assessing Threat Levels
- Operating System Attacks
- Application Attacks
- Reverse Engineering & Cracking Techniques and Financial Frauds

#### Cyber Forensics (Evidence Recovery & Investigation)

- Introduction to Deleted File Recovery
- Formatted Partition Recovery
- Data Recovery Tools
- Data Recovery Procedures and Ethics

- Preserve and safely handle original media
- Document a "Chain of Custody"
- Complete time line analysis of computer files based on file creation
- File modification and file access
- Recover Internet Usage Data
- Recover Swap Files/Temporary Files/Cache Files
- Introduction to Encase Forensic Edition
- Forensic Tool Kit (FTK)
- Use computer forensics software tools to cross validate findings in computer evidence
- Introduction to Cyber Forensic Investigation
- Investigation Tools
- Digital Evidence Collection
- Evidence Preservation
- E-Mail Investigation
- E-Mail Tracking
- IP Tracking
- E-Mail Recovery
- Encryption and Decryption methods
- Search and Seizure of Computers
- Recovering deleted evidences
- Password Cracking
- Case studies
- Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws
  - Introduction to IT laws & Cyber Crimes
  - Internet, Hacking
  - Cracking
  - Viruses
  - Virus Attacks
  - Pornography
  - Software Piracy
  - Intellectual property
  - Legal System of Information Technology
  - Social Engineering
  - Understanding Copy Right in Information Technology
  - Understanding the technology of Software software-copyright vs Patent debate Authorship
  - Assignment issues Commissioned work
  - Work for hire Idea/Expression dichotomy
  - Copy right in internet
  - Legal Issues in internet and Software Copyright Jurisdiction Issues
  - Copyright Infringe Remedies of Infringement Multimedia
  - Copyright issues Software Piracy
  - Patents understanding
  - Cyber Crimes
  - Understanding Cyber Crimes in context of Internet
  - Indian Penal Law & Cyber Crimes Fraud Hacking Mischief
  - International law
  - Obscenity and Pornography Internet
  - Potential of Obscenity Indian Law On Obscenity & Pornography Technical
  - Legal solutions International efforts Changes in Indian Laws
  - E-Commerce & Taxation

- E-Commerce-Salient Features On-Line contracts Mail Box rule Privities of
- Contracts Jurisdiction issues in E-Commerce Electronic Data Interchange.
- Security and Evidence in E-Commerce Dual Key encryption Digital signatures security issues
- UNCITRAL model law of E-Commerce
- Indian Legal Position on E-Commerce IT Act 2000/Indian Evidence Act/Draft law on E-Commerce

### Management Development Program

Introduction to communication, Barriers to communication, Kind of communication, Confidence building Non-verbal Communication, Fluency and vocabulary, Synonyms, Antonyms, Grammar, Noun Pronoun, Verb, Adjective, Preposition, Conjunction, Words of Idioms & phrases, Sentence Construction, Fill up the blanks, Pronunciation, Conversation practice, Polite Conversation, Greeting, Logical reasoning, General Aptitude, Writing: Covering letter, Resume, Email, Presentation Skill, group discussion, Interview skills, Mock interview

Project